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ANNEX

Common Name	IUPAC Name Identification Numbers	Minimum degree of purity of the active substance ¹	Date of approval	Expiry date of approval	Product type	Specific conditions
Active chlorine released from calcium	IUPAC Name: Calcium hypochlorite	Minimum purity of the releaser calcium hypochlorite: ≥ 655	the releaser calcium 2019	31 December 2028	2	The authorisations of biocidal products are subject to the following conditions: 1) The product assessment shall pay particular attention
hypochlorite (hereafter referred to as 'calcium hypochlorite').	EC No: 231-908-7 CAS No: 7778-54-3	hypochlorite: \geq 655 g/kg (i.e. \geq 65,5% w/w, equivalent to an active chlorine content of 65% w/w).				to the exposures, the risks and the efficacy linked to any use covered by an application for authorisation, but not addressed in the Union-level risk assessment of the active substance. 2) In view of the risks identified for the uses assessed, the product assessment shall pay particular attention to: a) professional users and non-professional users; b) surface water and sediment for disinfection of sewage / waste water in the effluent stream of the sewage treatment plant (post-chlorination).
					3	The authorisations of biocidal products are subject to the following conditions:
						1) The product assessment shall pay particular attention to the exposures, the risks and the efficacy linked to any use covered by an application for authorisation, but not addressed in the Union-level risk assessment

The purity indicated in this column was the minimum degree of purity of the active substance evaluated. The active substance in the product placed on the market can be of equal or different purity if it has been proven to be technically equivalent to the evaluated active substance.

		of the active substance.
		 In view of the risks identified for the uses assessed, the product assessment shall pay particular attention to professional users. For products that may lead to residues in food or feed, the need to get new or to amond existing maximum.
		the need to set new or to amend existing maximum residue levels (MRLs) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 470/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council ² or Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council ³ shall be verified, and any appropriate risk mitigation measures shall be taken to ensure that the applicable MRLs are not exceeded.
	4	The authorisations of biocidal products are subject to the following conditions:
		1) The product assessment shall pay particular attention to the exposures, the risks and the efficacy linked to any use covered by an application for authorisation, but not addressed in the Union-level risk assessment of the active substance.
		2) In view of the risks identified for the uses assessed, the product assessment shall pay particular attention to professional users.
		3) For products that may lead to residues in food or feed, the need to set new or to amend existing MRLs in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 470/2009 or Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 shall be verified, and

Regulation (EC) No 470/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 May 2009 laying down Community procedures for the establishment of residue limits of pharmacologically active substances in foodstuffs of animal origin, repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 2377/90 and amending Directive 2001/82/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 152, 16.6.2009, p. 11).

Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 February 2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides in or on food and feed of plant and animal origin and amending Council Directive 91/414/EEC (OJ L 70, 16.3.2005, p. 1).

		any appropriate risk mitigation measures shall be taken to ensure that the applicable MRLs are not exceeded. 4) Products shall not be incorporated in materials and articles intended to come into contact with food as referred to in Article 1(1) of Regulation (EC) No 1935/2004, unless the Commission has established specific limits on the migration of calcium hypochlorite into food or it has been established pursuant to that Regulation that such limits are not necessary.
	5	The authorisations of biocidal products are subject to the following conditions:
		1) The product assessment shall pay particular attention to the exposures, the risks and the efficacy linked to any use covered by an application for authorisation, but not addressed in the Union-level risk assessment of the active substance.
		2) In view of the risks identified for the uses assessed, the product assessment shall pay particular attention to professional users.
		3) For products that may lead to residues in food or feed, the need to set new or to amend existing MRLs in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 470/2009 or Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 shall be verified, and any appropriate risk mitigation measures shall be taken to ensure that the applicable MRLs are not exceeded.