

# **DRAFT EAST AFRICAN STANDARD**

Compounded poultry feeds — Specification

# **EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY**

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## **Foreword**

Development of the East African Standards has been necessitated by the need for harmonizing requirements governing quality of products and services in East Africa. It is envisaged that through harmonized standardization, trade barriers which are encountered when goods and services are exchanged within the Community will be removed.

In order to meet the above objectives, the EAC Partner States have enacted an East African Standardization, Quality Assurance, Metrology and Test Act, 2006 (EAC SQMT Act, 2006) to make provisions for ensuring standardization, quality assurance, metrology and testing of products produced or originating in a third country and traded in the Community in order to facilitate industrial development and trade as well as helping to protect the health and safety of society and the environment in the Community.

East African Standards are formulated in accordance with the procedures established by the East African Standards Committee. The East African Standards Committee is established under the provisions of Article 4 of the EAC SQMT Act, 2006. The Committee is composed of representatives of the National Standards Bodies in Partner States, together with the representatives from the private sectors and consumer organizations. Draft East African Standards are circulated to stakeholders through the National Standards Bodies in the Partner States. The comments received are discussed and incorporated before finalization of standards, in accordance with the procedures of the Community.

Article 15(1) of the EAC SQMT Act, 2006 provides that "Within six months of the declaration of an East African Standard, the Partner States shall adopt, without deviation from the approved text of the standard, the East African Standard as a national standard and withdraw any existing national standard with similar scope and purpose".

East African Standards are subject to review, to keep pace with technological advances. Users of the East African Standards are therefore expected to ensure that they always have the latest versions of the standards they are implementing.

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## Introduction

To achieve efficient animal production, all nutrients should be provided in amounts necessary to meet the animal's nutritional requirements. The formulation of balanced diets that provide the correct amounts and proportions of these nutrients is essential to support the requirements for maintenance and production. Nutrient requirements become defined accurately through research trials so as to formulate diets more precisely. The standards presented in this document give the restrictions required for the prevention of poor animal performance.

Feeds may be produced by mixing various feeding stuffs or ingredients which may themselves vary in composition. The choice of raw materials mixtures will depend on locality, season and availability, economics, prices, quality and safety of the product. The chemical composition of feedstuffs plays an important role in formulation of balanced and economical rations for various classes of animals. This is only possible when knowledge of the chemical composition of feedstuffs is available. Studies on the nutritive value of feedstuffs available in the East African region show differences between analytical values.

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# Compounded poultry feeds — Specification

## 1 Scope

1.1 This East African Standard specifies the requirements for compounded poultry feeds used as a sole source of nutrients for poultry.

## 1.2 Field of application

This standard shall apply to feeds for the following categories of chicken, ducks and turkeys:

- chicks, ducklings and poults;
- ii) growers;
- iii) Broilers Starters and finishers
- iv) layers;
- v) breeders;

### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5983-1, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of nitrogen content and calculation of crude protein content — Part 1: Kjeldahl method

ISO 5983-2, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of nitrogen content and calculation of crude protein content — Part 2: Block digestion/steam distillation method

ISO 5985, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of ash insoluble in hydrochloric acid

ISO 6490-1, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of calcium content — Part 1: Titrimetric method

ISO 6491, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of phosphorus content — Spectrometric method

ISO 6492, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of fat content

ISO 6495, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of water-soluble chlorides content

ISO 6496, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of moisture and other volatile matter content

ISO 6497, Animal feeding stuffs — Sampling

ISO 6498, Animal feeding stuffs — Preparation of test samples

ISO 6651, Animal feeding stuffs — Semi-quantitative determination of aflatoxin  $B_1$  — Thin-layer chromatographic method

ISO 6654, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of urea content

ISO 6865, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of crude fibre content — Method with intermediate filtration

ISO 6866, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of free and total gossypol

ISO 9831, Animal feeding stuffs, animal products, and faeces or urine — Determination of gross calorific value — Bomb calorimeter method

ISO 14565, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of vitamin A content — Method using high-performance liquid chromatography

ISO 14718, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of aflatoxin B₁ content of mixed feeding stuffs — Method using high-performance liquid chromatography

ISO 17375, Animal feeding stuffs — Determination of aflatoxin B<sub>1</sub>

ISO 16050 Foodstuffs -- Determination of aflatoxin B1, and the total content of aflatoxins B1, B2, G1 and G2 in cereals, nuts and derived products -- High-performance liquid chromatographic method

ISO 27085,\_Animal feeding stuffs -- Determination of calcium, sodium, phosphorus, magnesium, potassium, iron, zinc, copper, manganese, cobalt, molybdenum, arsenic, lead and cadmium by ICP-AES

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this standard, the following terms and definitions shall apply;

### 3.1

### crude fibre

fibrous fraction of the feed which is of relatively low digestibility and nutritive value such as cellulose, hemicellulose and lignin

## 3.2

#### crude fat

ether/ n-hexane soluble substances

#### 3.3

## feed (or feed stuff)

any substance or product, including additives, whether processed, partially processed or unprocessed, intended to be used for oral feeding to animals

#### 3.4

### broiler starter

feed designed to provide nutritional requirements for the broiler from 0 to 2 weeks;

3,5

#### **Broiler grower**

feed designed to provide nutritional requirements for the broiler from 3 to 4 weeks

#### 3.6

## broiler finisher

feed designed to provide nutritional requirements for the broiler after 4 weeks of age

#### 3.7

## chicks

young laying or breeding chickens up to 6 - 8 weeks of age

#### 3.8

## ducklings

young ducks up to 6 - 8 weeks of age

### 3.9

#### poults

young turkeys up to approximately 6 months of age

#### 3.10

## growers

laying or breeding chickens from 6 - 8 weeks of age up to the point of laying

#### 3.11

### layers

laying hens producing eggs

#### 3.12

### breeders

chickens producing fertile eggs

## 4 Requirements

## 4.1 Ingredients for poultry feeds

All ingredients and raw materials shall be not decomposed or deteriorated and shall comply with the relevant East Africa standards.

Where soy bean meal is used, it shall have been subjected to adequate heat treatment to reduce the activity of trypsin inhibitor

Ingredients of animal origin shall be sterilised before use.

Vitamin preparations added to feed shall be in stabilised form.

Urea or any other nitrogenous substances shall not be added to or included in any poultry feed except such true protein and amino acids as required in this standard.

## 4.2 General quality requirements

- 4.2.1 Compounded Poultry feeds may be in form of a meal, crumbs or pellets.
- 4.2.2 Compounded Poultry feeds shall be free from harmful levels of substances such as metallic objects, and adulterants
- 4.2.3 Compounded Poultry feed shall not be, musty, rancid and shall not have any objectionable odours.
- 4.2.4 Compounded Poultry feed shall be free from fungi, pathogenic microorganisms or insect infestation

# 4.3 Composition of poultry feed

The level of free fatty acids in poutry feeds should not exceed 15 % of the crude fat content at the time of manufacture.

Poultry feed shall meet the requirements of the nutrients and metabolizable energy in Table 1

Tolerances for the variations that are acceptable in feed formulation are given in Annex A.

Table 1 —Nutritional requirements for compounded poultry feeds

teristic/nutrient	Bro <sup>3)</sup> sta fee	rter	Broiler fe	grower ed	Broilerfir feed		Chick	feed	Duck	kling	Pou	ilts	grow	erfeed	Layers	s feed <sup>7)</sup>	Breede	rs feed	m
	Min.	Max	min		Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min	max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	
izable energy,	3000		3000		3000		2800		2800		2900		2550		2600		2600		g
rotein, %	22		19		18		18		19	- 5	25		14		15		15		59
bre, %		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5		7.5	6
oluble ash %, max		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4		4	5
at , %, max		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10		10	6
odium Chloride, %	0.35	0.50	0.35	0.5	0.35	0.5	0.35	0.50	0.35	0.5	0.35	0.50	0.35	0.50	0.30	0.50	0.30	0.50	б
alcium, %	1	1.4	1	1.4	1	1.4	1	1.4	1	1.4	1	1.4	1	1.4	3.5	4.5	3.3	4.0	64
nosphorus <sup>1)</sup> , %	0.73	0.90	0.84	0.9	0.70	0.90	0.75	0.95			0.80	1.00	0.73	0.90	0.73	0.90	0.73	0.90	6
A, IU/kg	8000		10000		8000	)	6000		8000		1000 0		4000		5000		5000		1
ine and cystine 2) %,	0.45		0.89		0.45		0.8		0.4		0.96		0.27		0.58		0.30		
methionine	0.6		0.5		0.5		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.4		0.36		0.36		
e %		13	13			13		13				13		13		13		13	e
Lysine, %	1.2		1.19				1.1		1.0		1.6		0.6						

teristic/nutrient	Broi ³)sta fee	rter	Broiler fe	_	Broilerfin feed		Chick	feed	Duck	ding	Pou	lts	growe	erfeed	Layers	s feed <sup>7)</sup>	Breede	rs feed	m
	Min.	Max	min		Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min	max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	

- Not more than a seventh of the total phosphorus content may be derived from plant origin.
- 2) Not more than half of the cystine and methionine requirement may be in the form of cystine.
- 3) Only starter feeds shall contain coccidiostat at prophylactic rates as recommended by the manufacturer of the coccidiostat

## 5 Feed additives and provisions related to their use

## 5.1 General requirements on additives

Additives in the following categories may be used in poultry feeds:

- antioxidants,
- · emulsifiers,
- stabilisers,
- · thickeners and gelling agents,
- binders,
- anti-caking agents and coagulants,
- enzymes
- aromatic and appetising substances, and

NOTE Material intended for mixing with animal feed as additives for use as feeding stuff should specify the kind of and, if appropriate the age group of the animal for which the feed is intended. In addition the quantity in grams per kilogram (or percent by weight) of the complete feed which conform to the provisions of this standard should be stated in the label (see Clause 7).

No antibiotic, hormone substance, drug or mineral may be added to or included in a feed other than such ingredients required to satisfy this standard and approved by World organization for animal health (OIE)

Where a consignment or a batch of feed or concentrate is prepared specifically for a consumer or group of consumers, substances may be added upon the express written instructions of the consumers provided that:

- a) such additions are made in accordance with the provisions of the Competent Authority; and
- b) the nature and quantities of such additions are clearly stated upon each and every container of the feed or concentrate.

Recommended additives are given in Annex E

When additives given in Annex E are used, they shall comply with limits given in the Annex.

## 6 Contaminants

#### 6.1 Aflatoxin

Compounded poultry feeds shall comply with the maximum aflatoxin requirements stated in the table 6

Table 6 -- Maximum limits for aflatoxin

S/N	Aflatoxin	Maximum limit (µg/kg)	Test method
I	Total aflatoxin	100 for adult poultry 50 for young poultry	ISO 16050
li	Aflatoxin B1	20 for adult poultry  10 for young poultry	ISO 6651, ISO 14718, ISO 17375

## 6.2 Pesticide residues

Compounded feeds shall comply with those maximum pesticide residue limits established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission for the ingredient used in compounded poultry feed

## 6.3 Heavy metals

Compounded poultry feeds shall comply with the maximum limits of heavy as specified in the table 7

Table 7: - requirements for heavy metals in compounded poultry feed

S/N	Heavy metal	Maximum limit (mg/kg)	Test method
I	Arsenic	2	
li	Lead	5	ISO 27085
iii	Cadmium	0.5	
iv	Mercury	0.1	

# 7 Packaging

Poultry feeds for sale shall be packaged in containers that are of sufficient strength, and sufficiently sealed so as to withstand reasonable handling without tearing, bursting or falling open. The containers shall be clean and not previously used.

# 8 Labelling

Each package of compounded poultry feed shall be legibly and indelibly labelled with the following:

- a) name of the feed example "brioler starter" or "broiler finisher";
- b) name and address or contact information of manufacturer;
- c) declared proportions of crude protein, crude fibre, crude fat, total ash, phosphorus, calcium, lysine, and Methionine
- d) net weight in kilograms;
- e) directions and precautions for use,;
- f) lot identification;
- g) manufacturing date;
- h) Storage instruction
- i) "Use before" or expiry date

## 10 Sampling

Representative samples shall be drawn in accordance with ISO 6497 and the preparation of test samples shall be in accordance with ISO 6498.

# Annex A

(normative)

# Tolerance limits on analytical constituents in poultry feeds

Analytical constituents	Limits of variation (% by weight except where otherwise stated)
Ash	If present in excess:
	2 % for declaration of 10 % or more
	20 % for the amount stated for declarations 5 % or more but less than 10 %
	1 % for declarations of less than 5 %.
	If deficient:
	3 % for declaration of 10 % or more
	30 % for the amount stated for declarations 5 % or more but less than 10 %
	1.5 % for declarations of less than 5 %.
Calcium	If present in excess:
	3.6 % for declaration of 16% or more
	22.5 % for the amount stated for declarations 12 % or more but less than 16 %
	2.7 % for declarations of 6 % or more but less than 12 %.
	45 % for the amount stated for declarations 1% or more but less than 6 %
	0.45 % for declarations of less than 1 %.
	If deficienct:
	1.2 % for declaration of 16 % or more
	7.5 % for the amount stated for declarations 12 % or more but less than 16 %
	0.9 % for declarations of 6 % or more but less than 12 %.
	• 15 % for the amount stated for declarations 1 % or more but less than 6 %
	0.15 % for declarations less than 1 %.
Cystine	In case of deficiency 20 % of the amount stated
Fibre	If present in excess:
	1.8 % for all declarations
	If deficient:
	45 % of the amount stated
Lysine	In case of deficiency 15 % of the amount stated
	If present in excess:
	4.5 % for declaration of 1 % or more
	30 % of the amount stated for declarations 7.5 % or more but less than 15 %
	2.25 % for declarations of 5 % or more but less than 7.5 %.

Analytical constituents	Limits of variation (% by weight except where otherwise stated)
	45 % for the amount stated for declarations 0.75 % or more but less than 5 %
	0.3% for declarations of less than 0.7%.
Methionine	In case of deficiency 15 % of the amount stated
	If present in excess:
	1 % for declaration of 10 % or more
	% of the amount stated for declarations 5 % or more but less than 10 %
	0.5 % for declarations of less than 5 %.
Oil	In case of deficiency:
	1.5 % for declarations of 15 % or more
	% of the amount for declarations of 8 % or more but less than 15 %
	If present in excess:
	3 % for declaration of 15 % or more
	20 % of the amount stated for declarations 8 % or more but less than 15 %
	0.8 % for declarations less than 8 %
Phosphorus	If present in excess:
Тпоорпогао	3.6 % for declaration of 16 % or more
	<ul> <li>2.25 % of the amount stated for declarations 12 %</li> </ul>
	45 % of the amount stated for declarations 1 % or more but less than 6 %
	0.45 % for declarations of less than 1 %.
	In case of deficiency
	1.2 % for declaration of 16 % or more
	0.9 % of the amount stated for declarations of 6 % or more but less than 12 %
	• 15 % of the amount stated for declarations of 1 % or more but less than 6 %
	0.15 % for declarations 1 % less than 1 %
Sodium	If present in excess
	4.5 % for declaration of 15 % or more
	30 % of the amount stated for declarations 7.5 % or more but less than 15 %
	2.25% of the amount stated for declarations 5% or more but less than 7.5 %
	0.45 % for declarations of 0.7 % or more but less than 5 %.
	In case of deficiency
	1.5 % for declaration of 15 % or more
	% of the amount stated for declarations of 7.5 % or more but less than 15 %
	0.75% of the amount stated for declarations of 5 % or more but less than 7.5 %
	15 % of the amount stated for declarations of 0.7 % or more but less than 5 %
	0.1 % for declarations less than 0.7 %
Starch and total sugar	If present in excess
-	5 % for declaration of 25 % or more

Analytical constituents	Limits of variation (% by weight except where otherwise stated)
	20 % of the amount stated for declarations 10 % or more but less than 25 %
	2 % of the amount stated for declarations less than 10 %.
	In case of deficiency
	2.5 % for declaration of 25 % or more
	10 % of the amount stated for declarations of 10 % or more but less than 25 %
	1 % for declarations less than 1 %
Total sugar expressed as	If present in excess
sucrose	4 % for declaration of 20 % or more
	20 % of the amount stated for declarations 10 % or more but less than 20 %
	2 % of the amount stated for declarations less than 10 %.
	In case of deficiency
	2 % for declaration of 20 % or more
	10 % of the amount stated for declarations of 10 % or more but less than 20 %
	1 % for declarations less than 10 %
Ash insoluble in	If present in excess
hydrochloric acid	10 % for declaration of more than 3 %
	0.3 % of the amount stated for declarations of 3 % or less
Carotene	In case of deficiency, 30 % of the amount stated
Chlorides expressed as	If present in excess
NaCl	10 % for declaration of more than 3 %
	0.3 % of the amount stated for declarations of 3 % or less
Magnesium	In case of deficiency
	1.5 % for declaration of 15 % or more
	10 % of the amount stated for declarations of 2 % or more but less than 15 %
	0.2 % for declarations less than 2%
Minerals	
Cobalt	± 50 % of the amount stated for declarations above 200 mg/kg
Copper	± 30 of the amount stated for declarations above 200 mg/kg
	± 50 of the amount stated for declarations up to an including 200 mg/kg
lodine	± 50 % of the amount stated for declarations of 250 mg/kg or more
Iron	± 50 % of the amount stated for declarations less than 250 mg/kg
Manganese	± 50 % of the amount stated
Molybdenum	± 50 % of the amount stated
Selenium	± 50 % of the amount stated
Zinc	± 50 % of the amount stated
Vitamins	
Vitamin D2 and D3	± 30 of the amount stated for declarations above 4000 IU/kg
	± 50 of the amount stated for declarations up to an including 4000 IU/kg

Analytical constituents	Limits of variation (% by weight except where otherwise stated)
Vitamins other than D2 and D 3	In case of deficiency ± 30 % of the amount stated



# **Annex B**

(informative)

# **Description of common feedstuffs**

Product	Description	Main nutritional constituent
1. Alfalfa meal	Alfalfa as grown, dried and processed, and to which no other matter has been added	Crude protein, Crude fibre
2. Barley meal	The meal obtained by grinding barley, as grown, which shall be the whole grain together only with such other substances as may reasonably be expected to have become associated with the grain in the field.	Crude protein, Crude fibre
3. Bean meal	The meal obtained by grinding commercially pure leguminous beans (other than soya bean).	Crude protein, Crude fibre
4. Blood meal	The meal has been dried out to which no other matter has been added	Crude protein, Dry matter
5. Bone meal	Commercially pure steamed bone, raw or degreased, which has been ground or crushed and which contains phosphorus not less than 4.5% phosphorus.	Crude protein, Phosphorus, Calcium
6. Brewery and distillery grains	The product obtained by drying the residue from distillery mash-tube, and to which no other matter has been added	Crude fibre, Crude protein
7. Cassava, dried	The dried root of the species Manhot esculanta	Crude fibre, Crude protein
8. Clover meal	Clover as grown, dried and processed and to which no other matter has been added	Crude protein, Crude fibre
9. Coconut cake	The residue resulting after part removal of oil and of cortex from commercially pure coconut kernels	Crude protein Crude fibre
11. Cotton seed cake	The residue resulting after part removal of oil and of cortex from commercially pure cotton seed	Crude protein, Crude fibre
12. Sorghum meal	The meal obtained by grinding sorghum as grown which shall be the whole grain together only with such substances as may reasonably be expected to have become associated with the grain in the field.	Crude protein, Crude fibre
13. Fish meal	A product, which may contain an added antioxidant but to which no other matter has been added, obtained by drying and grinding or otherwise treating fish or fish waste.	Crude protein, Oil, total ash.
14. Grass, meal	Any product which,	Crude protein, Crude fibre
60.	(i) is obtained by artificially drying any of the following: grass, clover, lucerne, green cereal, or any mixture consisting of any of them, and	
	(ii) is otherwise as grown (that is to say including any growths harvested there with but with no other substance added thereto), and contains not less than 13 % crude protein calculated on the assumption that it contain 10 % moisture.	
15. Groundnut cake	The residue resulting after part removal of oil and part of non-removal of cortex from commercially pure groundnuts	Crude protein, Oil, crude fibre
16. Maize	Maize kernel or crushed maize kernel as grown for commercial purposes	Crude protein

17. Maize germ meal	Consisting mainly of embryo of kernel not less than 10	
	% oil, and not more than 5 % ash	
18. Maize and cob meal	Ground maize on the cob	Crude protein, Oil, crude fibre
19. Maize meal	Milled whole maize	Crude protein, Oil, crude fibre
20. Maize gluten meal	A by-product resulting from removal of a bran starch and germ from maize	Crude protein, Oil, crude fibre
21. Meat and bone meal	A product, which may contain an added antioxidant but to which no other matter has been added, containing not less than 65 % protein, obtained by drying and grinding animal carcasses of portions thereof but excluding hair, have been preliminarily treated for the removal of fat	Crude protein, Oil, crude fibre
22. Milk powder	Dried milk from which a substantial amount of fat has been removed and to which no other substance is added	Crude protein
23. Millet	Finger millet of the species Eleusine coracana	Crude protein, Crude fibre
24. Mineral mixture	Mixture of substances used whether in the form powder or licks and purporting to be essential for livestock	Percent of the mineral and trace elements
25. Molasses	A concentrated syrup product obtained in the manufacture of sugar from sugar cane to which no other matter has been added	Dry matter, sugar as sucrose
26. Oats, ground	The product obtained by grinding commercially pure oats	Crude protein, Crude fibre
27. Pea meal	The meal obtained by grinding or crushing commercially pure peas including pods	Crude protein, Crude fibre
28. Rice bran	The outside husk or rice kernel to which no other matter has been added	Crude protein, Crude fibre, oil
29. Rice meal	The product obtained by grinding commercially pure rice after the removal of hulls and to which no other substance is added	Crude fibre, Crude protein, oil
30. Rice polishings	The product obtained when polishing kernels after the removal of hulls and bran	Crude protein, oil, Crude fibre
31. Sesame cake	The residue resulting after the part removal of oil from commercially pure simsim kernels	Crude protein, oil, Crude fibre
32. Soya bean meal	The residue resulting after the part removal of oil from commercially pure soya bean seeds	Crude protein, oil, Crude fibre
33. Sweet potatoes	The dried tubers of the species Ipomea batatas	Crude protein, Crude fibre
34. Wheat meal	The meal obtained by grinding commercially pure wheat as grown and to which no other substance has been added	Crude protein, Crude fibre
35. wheat bran	Outside husk of what kernel to which no other matter was added	Crude protein, Crude fibre
36. Wheat pollard	A by-product of wheat separated during production of flour not mentioned otherwise in this schedule containing not more than 4 % of other than wheat vegetable substances	Crude protein, Crude fibre
37. Yeast dried	The product obtained by drying of yeast or yeast residues, and to which no other matter has been added.	Crude protein
38. Other feedstuffs	As may be described by the Department of Animal Resources from time to time	

Annex C

Nutrient requirement for poultry

Characteristic/nutrient	Broiler <sup>4)</sup> s		Broiler <sup>4)</sup> fi feed		Chick	feed	Du	ckling	Turkey <sup>5)</sup> feed			grower <sup>6)</sup> eed	Layers	s feed <sup>7)</sup>	Breede	ers feed
	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max
Metabolisable energy, Kcal/kg	2900	3100	3000	3250	2750	3000			2800	3000	2650	3000	2650	2800	2650	2800
Crude protein, %	21	23.5	18	21	18				25		14		15		15	
Crude fibre, %		7.50		5		7.50				7.5		7.5		7.50		7.5
Acid insoluble ash																
Crude fat																
Total Sodium Chloride, %	0.35	0.50	0.35	0.45	0.35	0.50			0.35	0.50	0.35	0.50	0.30	0.50	0.30	0.50
Total Calcium, %	0.90	1.10	0.90	1.10	0.90	1.40			1.00	1.40	0.90	1.40	2.80	3.90	2.80	3.90
Total Phosphorus <sup>1)</sup> , %	0.73	0.90	0.70	0.90	0.75	0.95			0.80	1.00	0.73	0.90	0.73	0.90	0.73	0.90
Selenium, mg/kg	0.20		0.20		0.20				0.20		0.40		0.20		0.20	
Manganese, mg/kg	75	100	80	100	75	100			75	100	50	100	50		75	
lodine, mg/kg	1		1	110	1				2.00		1.00		1.00		2.00	
Zinc, mg/kg	64	100	64	100	50				70	100	50	90	50		50	
Iron, mg/kg	20		20		20				30		10		200		200	
Copper, mg/kg	5	20	5	20	5				5	20	5		5		5	
Choline, mg/kg	250		250		200				400				1000		100	

Characteristic/nutrient	Broiler <sup>4)</sup> s feed		Broiler <sup>4)</sup> f		Chick	feed	Du	ckling	Turkey <sup>5)</sup> feed			grower <sup>6)</sup> eed	Layers	s feed <sup>7)</sup>	Breede	ers feed
	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max	Min.	Max
Riboflavin, mg/kg	8		8		8				10		4		4		12	
Pantothenic acid, mg/kg	13		13		13				15		5		3.2		10	
Niacin, mg/kg	40		40		40				75		10		10		10	
Biotin, mg/kg	0.10		0.10		0.10				0.10		0.03					
Folic acid, mg/kg	1.50		1.50		1.50				2.00		1.00		0.50		1.00	
Vitamin B <sub>12</sub> , mg/kg	0.02		0.02		0.02				0.02		0.02		0.02		5.00	
Vitamin A, IU/kg	12000		12000		10000				15000		10000		5000	10000	5000	
Vitamin D <sub>3</sub> , IU/kg	2000		2000		2000				3000		1500		1500	2500	1500	2500
Vitamin E, IU/kg	20	30	20	30	20	30			30		10			5	7.50	
Vitamin K, IU/kg	2		2		2				2.0		2		2		2	
Lysine % of crude protein	5.60		5.60		1.00				1.5		0.7		0.72	0.80	0.72	
Cystine and Methionine <sup>2)</sup> % of crude protein	4.40		4.40		4.40				4.40		4.40		4.00		4.00	
Methionine %	0.50	0.60	0.45		0.50				0.60		0.30			0.35		0.35
Tryptophan %	1.25		1.25		1.25				1.25		1.25		1.25		1.25	
Ethoxyquin, mg/kg	100	150	100	150	100	150			125	150	125	150	125	150	125	150

#### Annex E

## 5.2 Requirements for antioxidants

No feed shall contain any added antioxidant other than an antioxidant of a name or description specified in the first column of the table below. Where an antioxidant if added should not exceed the maximum content, if any, specified in the second column of the Table 2.

Table 2 — Requirements for antioxidants

Name or description	Maximum content in complete feed stuff,
	mg/kg
L-Ascorbic acid	GMP
Sodium L-ascorbate	
Calcium di (L-ascorbate)	
5,6-Diacetyl-L-ascorbic acid	
6-Palmitoyl-L-ascorbic acid	
Tocopherol-rich extracts of a natural origin	0,
Synthetic alpha-tocopherol	
Synthetic gamma-tocopherol	
Synthetic delta-tocopherol	
Propyl gallate	
Octyl gallate	100, singly or in combination
Dodecyl gallate	
Butylated hydroxyanisole (BHA)	150

## 5.4 Requirements for emulsifiers, stabilisers, thickeners and gelling agents

## 5.4.1 General

Poultry feed shall contain no added emulsifier, stabiliser, thickener or gelling agent other than an emulsifier, stabiliser, thickener or gelling agent of a name or description, specified hereunder.

### 5.4.2 Name or description

Lecithins; Alginic acid; Sodium alginate; Potassium alginate; Ammonium alginate; Calcium alginate; Prophylene glycol alginate (propane-1,1-diol alginate) Agar; Carrageenan; Furcellaran; Locust bean gum (carob gum); Tamarind seed flour Gurar gum (gua flour); Tragacanth; Acacia (gum Arabic); Zanthan gum; D-glucitol (sorbitol); mannitol; Glycerol; Pectins; microcrystalline cellulose; Methylcellulose; Ethylcellulose; Hydroxylpropyl cellulose; Hydroxyprophylmethylcellulose; Ethylmethylcellulose; Carboxymethylcellulose; sodium salt; Sodium, potassium and calcium salts or edible fatty acids alone or in mixtures, derived from edible fat or distilled fatty acids monoacyl and diacylglycerols esterified with the following acids: (a) acetic (b) lactic (c) citric (d) tartaric (e) monoacetylatartaric and (f) diacetyltartaric.

#### 5.4.3 Sucrose esters or fatty acids

The following sucrose esters fatty acids may be added to poultry feeds:

- a) mixture of sucrose esters of monocyl and diacylglycerols (sucroglycerides, polyglycerides);
- b) polyglycerol esters of non-polymerised edible fatty acids:
- c) propylene glycol esters of fatty acids (propane-1,2-diol esters of fatty acids);
- d) stearoyl-2-lactylic acid; sodium stearoyl-1,2-lactylate; calcium stearoyl-1,2-lactylate;
- e) stearoyl-1-tartrate; glycerol poly (ethylene glycol) ricinolcate; dextrans; sorbitan monostearate;
- f) sorbitan tristearte; sorbitan monolaurate; sorbitan mono-eleate; sorbitan monopalmitate;
- g) partial polyglycerol esters of polycondensed fatty acids of castor oil (polyglycerol polyricinoleate) polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate;
- h) polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monopalmitate, polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monostearate;
- i) polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan tristearate, polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monocleate;
- j) polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan tricleate, polyoxyethylene (8) sorbitan stearate; and
- k) polyoxyethylene (40) stearate.

The additives listed shall conform to the requirements in Table 4.

Table 4 — Specifications for emulsifiers, stabilisers, thickeners and gelling agents

Name or description	Maximum content in complete feed, mg/kg
Poly (ethylene glycol) (M.W 6 000)	300
Polyoxypropylene-polyoxyethelene polymers (M.W 6 800-9 000)	50
Propane-1,2-diol	36 000

# 5.5 Requirements for binders, anti-caking agents and coagulants

#### 5.5.1 General

Poultry feed shall contain no added binder, anti-caking agent or coagulant other than a binder, anti-caking agent or coagulant of a name or description specified in 5.5.2.

#### 5.5.2 Name or description

Lignosulphonates; Colloidal silica; Silicic acid, precipitate and dried; Sodium aluminosilicate, Sodium, potassium and calcium stearate; Kaolin and Kaslinitic clays free of asbestos natural accruing mixtures of minerals containing at least 65 % complex hydrated aluminium silicates whose main constituent in Kasolinite; Bentonite and other montmerillonitee clays; Vermiculite-hydrated silicate of magnesium, aluminium and iron; Citric acid; Kieselguhr (diatomaceous earth, purified); Calcium silicate (synthetic); Natural mixtures of steatite and chlorite free of asbestos.

# 5.6 Requirements for aromatic and appetising substances

Poultry feed shall contain no added aromatic or appetising substance other than an aromatic or appetising substance of a name or description specified in Table 5 and taking account of any such substance which is naturally present, without exceeding the maximum content specified.

Table 5 — Requirements for aromatic and appetising substances

Name or description	Maximum content in complete feed,
	mg/kg
Saccharin	No limits
All natural products and corresponding synthetic products	No limits

Table 4 — Specifications for emulsifiers, stabilisers, thickeners and gelling agents

Name or description	Maximum content in complete feed, mg/kg
Poly (ethylene glycol) (M.W 6 000)	300
Polyoxypropylene-polyoxyethelene polymers (M.W 6 800-9 000)	50
Propane-1,2-diol	36 000

# 5.5 Requirements for binders, anti-caking agents and coagulants

#### 5.5.1 General

Poultry feed shall contain no added binder, anti-caking agent or coagulant other than a binder, anti-caking agent or coagulant of a name or description specified in 5.5.2.

## 5.5.2 Name or description

Lignosulphonates; Colloidal silica; Silicic acid, precipitate and dried; Sodium aluminosilicate, Sodium, potassium and calcium stearate; Kaolin and Kaslinitic clays free of asbestos natural accruing mixtures of minerals containing at least 65 % complex hydrated aluminium silicates whose main constituent in Kasolinite; Bentonite and other montmerillonitee clays; Vermiculite-hydrated silicate of magnesium, aluminium and iron; Citric acid; Kieselguhr (diatomaceous earth, purified); Calcium silicate (synthetic); Natural mixtures of steatite and chlorite free of asbestos.

## 5.6 Requirements for aromatic and appetising substances

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Table 5 — Requirements for aromatic and appetising substances

Name or description	Maximum content in complete feed,
	mg/kg
Saccharin	No limits
All natural products and corresponding synthetic products	No limits