## TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS CARBONATED SOFT DRINKS-SPECIFICATION DRAFT FOR COMMENTS ONLY

## 0. FOREWORD

Carbonated soft drinks industry has an important role in our country's economy. Carbonated soft drinks are popular beverages used as refreshment and are presented in different brands/types in the market.

This Tanzania Standard was prepared in order to ensure that the carbonated soft drinks prepared, produced and imported in the country are safe and of good quality.

In the preparation of this Tanzania Standard considerable assistance was drawn from;

IS 2346, *Specification for carbonated beverages* published by the Bureau of Indian Standards; and

EAS 29:2000 *Carbonated soft drinks specification* published by the East African Community.

In reporting the results of test or analysis made in accordance with this Tanzania Standard, if the final value observed or calculated is to be rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with TZS 4 (see clause 2).

## 1 SCOPE

This Tanzania Standard prescribes the requirements and methods of sampling and test for carbonated soft drinks of which only nutritive sweeteners are used as sweetening agent; produced for human consumption. The standard does not cover carbonated water.

## 2 REFERENCES

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this standard. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

## TZS 4, Rounding off numerical values

TZS 100, Plantation white sugar Specification

- TZS 163, Processed fruits and vegetable products Methods of sampling
- TZS 114, Soft drink manufacturing units Code of hygiene

TZS 118, Foodstuffs – General Guidance for the Enumeration of microorganisms by Colony Count Technique at 30°C

TZS 131, Microbiology - General guidance for enumeration of yeast and mould by Colony count technique at  $25^{\circ}$ C.

TZS 109, Code of hygiene for food processing units

TZS 101, Refined sugar Specification.

TZS 268, General atomic absorption spectrophotometric method for determination of lead in food stuffs

TZS 538, Packaging, marking and labelling of foods

TZS 851, Honey Specification

TZS 1494, Fruits and vegetables determination of benzoic acid

TZS 1488, Fruits and Vegetables – Determination of Titratable Acidity

TZS 1492, Fruits and Vegetables - Determination of tin content

TZS 1495, Fruits and Vegetables – Determination of copper content

TZS 1491, Fruits and Vegetables – Determination of pH

TZS 1493, Fruits and Vegetables - Determination of iron content

TZS 1496, Fruits and Vegetables – Determination of soluble solids

TZS 1497, Fruits and Vegetables – Determination of sulphur dioxide

TZS 1500, Fruits and Vegetables - Determination of zinc content

TZS 1502, Fruits and Vegetables – Determination of Arsenic content

TZS 1504, Fruits and Vegetables - Determination of Ethanol Content

TZS 119, *Microbiology* – General guidance for the enumeration of coliforms by Most probable number technique

TZS 789, Potable (Drinking) water Specification

TZS 132, Edible common salt Specification

TZS 59, Water distilled quality Specification

TZS 1581-1, Determination of cadmium content – Method graphite furnace atomic absorption spectrometry

TZS 1501, Fruits, vegetables and derived products – Determination of mercury content – Flameless atomic absorption method

Codex Stan 192 General standard for Food additives

CAC/GL 66-2008 Guidelines for the Use of Flavourings

## 3. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Tanzania standard, the following terms and definitions shall apply: -

## 3.1 carbonated soft drink

a non-alcoholic beverage containing dissolved carbon dioxide; prepared from potable water with or without one of the following ingredients; fruit juice, fruit pulp, vegetable extracts, flavouring materials, colourants, nutritive sweetening agents, acidulants, clouding agents, preservatives and other permitted food additives.

## 3.2 gas (carbonation) volume

a given volume of carbon dioxide that can be absorbed by a given volume of water or liquid at atmospheric pressure not less than 1 and temperature of 15.5 °C.

## 3.3 carbonation

the process of addition of carbon dioxide in a soft drink to achieve its characteristics in terms of flavour and to preserve the product.

## 3.4 one volume

the liquid is said to be one volume when a given volume of carbon dioxide gas, expressed at standard conditions is dissolved in the same volume of liquid.

## 3.5 nutritive sweeteners

sweeteners which have calories and provide nourishment (nutritive) .

# 4. REQUIREMENTS

## 4.1 General requirements

## 4.1.1 Ingredients

The following ingredients may be used in the preparation of carbonated soft drinks

- a) Fruit juices i.e. oranges, grape fruit, lemon, grape and lime as well as comminuted fruits;
- b) Caffeine not exceeding 200 mg/kg as determined per Annex C
- c) Quinine salts not exceeding 100 mg/kg calculated as quinine sulphate when determined as per annex D.

d) edible common salt complying to TZS 132 (see clause 2)

e) Water used in the manufacture of carbonated soft drinks shall be potable water conforming to TZS 789 (See clause 2). Water shall also conform to the requirements listed below;

- i. Be clear, colourless and odourless
- ii. Be free from waterborne organisms;
- iii. Have an alkalinity of less than 50 ppm expressed as CaCO3
- iv. Have a total dissolved solids less than 500 ppm and
- v. Have less than 0.1 ppm of iron or manganese.

f) Sweetening agents

The only sweetening agent used in the manufacture of carbonated soft drinks shall be;

i) Sugar conforming to TZS 101 (see clause 2).

ii) Invert sugar if used shall have been prepared from sucrose complying with the requirements given in TZS 100 (see clause 2).

iii) Honey if used shall complying with TZS 851.

iv) Use of any other nutritive sweeteners shall comply with the relevant Tanzania Standards.

## g) Flavoring materials

When used in carbonated soft drinks shall be in accordance with CAC GL 66 and Codex Stan 192.

## 4.1.2 Physical and organoleptic properties

## 4.1.2.1 Flavour

Carbonated soft drinks shall have a well-balanced and pleasant flavour characteristic of the type of drink and be free from off-flavours and odours.

## 4.1.2.2 Appearance

Carbonated soft drinks shall be attractive and characteristic of the product. It shall be free from insect and rodent contamination; practically free from other extraneous matter and shall be clear if stored under normal conditions. The cloudy carbonated soft drinks shall constitute a stable emulsion.

## 4.2 Specific requirements 4.2.1 Sugar content

Carbonated soft drinks when tested after the removal of carbon dioxide shall record a Brix value of not less than 7.5 degrees at 20 <sup>o</sup>C when tested in accordance with TZS 1496. Non-nutritive sweeteners shall not be added or used in the product.

## 4.2.2 Gas volume

Soft drinks shall be carbonated to a volume in accordance with their character. However, they shall have a minimum of one volume of carbon dioxide. This shall be determined as per Annex B.

The carbon dioxide used as raw material shall have a purity of not less than 98.5 percent. It shall be free from hydrogen sulphide, Sulphur dioxide and other noxious gases or foreign odour and shall comply with national standard for carbon dioxide.

# 4.2.3 pH

The pH of carbonated soft drinks shall be in a range of 2.5-4.0 and shall be verified as per TZS 1491(see clause 2)

## 4.3 Food Additives

**4.3.1** The use of food additives shall be in accordance with Codex Stan 192.

**4.3.2** The use of flavours in carbonated soft drinks shall also be in accordance with CAC GL 66 Codex guideline for use of flavourings. Natural flavours and their identical synthetic equivalence, except those which are known to present toxic substances and other synthetic flavour approved by Codex Alimentarious Commission including those listed below shall be used. They shall not contain substances that may be injurious to health.

i) Alcohol extracts – i.e. ginger; grape and certain lemon and lime flavour in amounts of 1 percent volume or less depending on the strength of the extract.

ii) Emulsions – i.e. citrus flavours and including density adjusting agents sulfosuccinate (DSS)

iii) Solutions in approved flavour carriers such as ethyl alcohol, propyl glycol, glycerine, isopropyl alcohol.

# 5. CONTAMINANTS

Carbonated soft drinks shall not contain any metallic contaminants in excess of levels specified in Table 1.

S/No	Metallic contaminant	Requirements	Method of test	
1	Arsenic (As), (mg/kg), max.	0.1	TZS 1502	<u>(1</u> )
2	Lead (Pb), (mg/kg), max.	0.1	TZS 268	
3	Copper (Cu), (mg/kg), max.	2.0	TZS 1495	
4	Tin (Sn), (mg/kg), max.	1.5	TZS 1492	
5	Cadmium (Cd), (mg/kg), max.	0.003	TZS 1581-1	
6	Mercury (Hg), (mg/kg), max.	0.001	TZS 1501	
		0		-

# Table 1 – Limits for metallic contaminants in carbonated soft drinks

## 6. HYGIENE

Carbonated soft drinks shall be prepared according to TZS 114 (see clause 2) and shall comply with microbiological requirements given in Table 2.

# Table 2: Microbiological requirements

S/NO	Microorganism	Requirements	Method of test (see clause 2)
1	Total plate count, cfu/ml, max.	3	TZS 118
2	Coliform, cfu/ml.	Absent	TZS 729
3	Yeast and moulds, cfu/ml, max.	2	TZS 131

## 7. SAMPLING AND TESTS

## 7.1 Sampling

The method of drawing representative samples of the carbonated soft drinks shall be as described in Annex A

# 7.2 Tests

Tests shall be carried out as described in relevant clauses and annexes of this standard.

# 8. PACKAGING, MARKING AND LABELING

## 8.1 Packaging

**8.1.1** Carbonated soft drinks shall be filled in glass containers, lacquered cans, suitable food grade plastic containers or other food grade dispensing units. The interior on the neck finish of bottles shall be free from chips, cracks and other defects. Cans shall be free from corrosion and internal scratches or other lacquer imperfections. Closures shall be clean at the time of capping and seaming.

**8.1.2** The containers shall be filled under strict sanitary conditions.

**8.1.3** In case of cans provided with pull tabs, the tabs shall remain intact with the can on opening without littering.

## 8.2 Marking and labelling

**8.2.1** Labels if used shall be clean, neat and pasted securely. The following information shall appear delibly and legibly on each container or cap or label;

- a) Name of the product; 'carbonated soft drink'
- b) Brand or trade name, if any
- c) Name, physical and postal address of the manufacturer;
- d) Date of manufacture;
- e) Expiry date;
- f) Batch or code number;
- g) List of ingredients; and
- h) Net volume of the contents in ml or litres.

**8.2.2** The language on the label shall be "Kiswahili" or Kiswahili and English. A second language may be used depending on the designated market.

**8.3** In all cases carbonated soft drinks shall be packed, marked or labelled in accordance with TZS 538 (see clause 2)

**8.4** The containers or caps or labels may also be marked with the TBS certification mark of quality.

NOTE – The TBS Standards Mark of Quality may be used by manufacturers only under license from TBS Particulars of conditions under which the licenses are granted may be obtained from TBS.

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#### ANNEX A Sampling of carbonated beverages

#### A.1 Scale of sampling

**A.1.1 Lot** – All bottles in a consignment belonging to the same batch of manufacture shall constitute a lot. If the consignment is declared to consist of different batches of manufacture, bottles of the same batch shall be grouped together and each group so formed shall constitute a separate lot. Samples shall be tested from each lot for ascertaining conformity to the requirements of this Tanzania Standard.

**A.1.2** The number of bottles to be selected from a lot for testing for microbiological and other requirements shall depend on the size of the lot and shall be in accordance with table A.1.

**A.1.3** The bottles to be selected for testing shall be chosen at random from the lot by the following procedure. Starting from any bottle, count them as 1,2,3 ...... up to *r*. Every *r*<sup>th</sup> bottle thus counted shall be picked, *r* being the integral part of *N*/*n*, where *N* is the total number of bottles in the lot and *n* is the total number of bottles to be chosen.

#### A.2 Test samples and reference samples

#### A.2.1 Samples for microbiological tests

The sample bottles selected for microbiological test (see col.2 of table A.1) shall be divided at random into three equal sets and labeled with all particulars of sampling. One of these sets of the sample bottles shall be for the purchaser, another for the vendor and the third set is the reference.

#### A.2.2 Samples for other tests

The sample bottles selected for other tests (see col.3 of table A.1) shall be divided at random into three equal sets and labeled with all the particulars of sampling. One of these sets of sample bottles shall be for the purchaser, another for the vendor and the third set is the reference.

No of bottles in the lat	No of bottles to b	e selected
	Microbiological	Other tests
Up to 1 300 1301 to 3 200 3 201 and above	12 18 24	18 24 30

#### Table A.1 - Number of bottles to be sampled

#### A.2.3 Referee samples

Referee samples shall consist of a set of sample bottles for microbiological tests (see A.2.1) and a set of sample bottles for other tests (see A.2.2) and shall bear the seals of the purchaser and the vendor as agreed to between the two.

#### ANNEX B

#### Method of measuring gas volume

#### **B.1 Principle**

The method involves snifting of the top gas. The pressure reading should drop to 2 psi, to remove the air before testing for carbon dioxide volume. In so doing correction of altitude as per table B.2 should be considered as pressure is affected by altitude.

The apparatus consists of pressure gauge having a hollow spike with holes in its side. The bottle is inserted from the side into the slot provided in the neck of the carbon dioxide tester and is secured in place by tightening with a threaded system. The pressure gauge is inserted until the needle point touches the crown cork. There is a snift valve on the gauge stem which is kept closed until the needle point of the pressure gauge is forced through the crown cork. The reading is noted on the gauge.

#### **B.2 Procedure**

Clamp the bottle in the frame of the gas volume tester. Pierce the crown cork but do not shake the bottle. Snift off the top gas quickly until the gauge reading drops to zero. Make certain to close the valve instantly the needle touches zero in the pressure gauge. Shake the bottle vigorously until the gauge gives the reading that additional shaking does not change. Record the pressure. Note the temperature and record. Obtain the volume of gas from table B.1.

#### ANNEX C

#### Determination of caffeine content

#### C.1 Principle

Carbon dioxide is removed from the sample by means of dry air or dry nitrogen. An extraction with chloroform is performed on the decarbonated sample.

By means of a graph of absorbance against concentration of standards, the content of caffeine of the sample is determined.

#### C.2 Reagents

During analysis use only reagents of recognized analytical grade and only distilled water in accordance with TZS 59: 1980 (see clause 2) or water of equivalent purity.

- a) Chloroform
- b) Ammonia solution, concentrated
- *c) Hydrochloric acid,* approximately molar. Take 100 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid (Sp.Gr.1. 184) and dilute to a litre.
- d) Standard caffeine solution. Prepare a solution containing 10 ml using molar hydrochloric acid as solvent.

#### C.3 Apparatus

A spectrophotometer or photoelectric colorimeter capable of measuring optical density at a wavelength of 227nm

#### C.4 Procedure

Transfer 25 g of decarbonated sample into a small separating funnel. Make distinctly alkaline with ammonia solution and chloroform, washing each extract with the same 10 ml of water contained in a second separating funnel, and finally with the extract once with 10 ml of chloroform. Filter into a small flask. Evaporate or distill the combined extracts and dry the residue in molar hydrochloric acid and make up to volume in a 50 ml volumetric flask with the same acid. Prepare a series of standards and read the absorption at 272 nm using approximately molar hydrochloric acid for setting the instrument. Set the instrument by means of a blank prepared from water treated in exactly the same manner with the test solution and read absorption of the test solution.

# C.5 Expression of results

Plot a graph of concentrations of standard caffeine solutions against their absorbance. From this graph determine the concentration of the alkaloid (caffeine) in the original sample. Report the results as mg/kg of anhydrous caffeine in the original sample.

#### ANNEX D

#### **Determination of quinine**

#### **D.1 Principle**

Carbon dioxide is removed from the sample by passing through it dry air or dry nitrogen. An extraction with ether is performed on the decarbonated sample.

By means of a graph of concentration of a series of standard quinine sulphate solutions against fluorescence, the content of quinine in the test solution is determined.

For low concentration, the fluorescence intensity is directly proportional to the concentration, as well as to the intensity of the incident radiation.

#### D.2 Reagents

During the analysis, unless otherwise stated, use only reagents of recognized analytical grade and only distilled water in accordance with TZS 59: 1980 (see clause 2) or water of equivalent purity. Reagents should be free from fluorescing impurities.

- a) Sulphuric acid, 0.05 M
- b) Ammonia solution, concentrated
- c) Diethyl ether
- *d) Quinine sulphate,* standard stock solution. Dissolve 0.10 g of quinine sulphate in 0.05 M suphuric acid and make up to 1 litre with 0.05 sulphuric acid. This solution contains 100 micrograms of quinine sulphate per milliltre.
- *e)* Quinine sulphate, standard working solution. Dilute 10 ml of the quinine sulphate stock solution to 200 ml with 0.05 M sulphuric acid. This solution contains 1 microgram of quinine sulphate per milliltre.

#### D.3 Apparatus

A suitable spectrofluorometer. Note that glassware should completely be free from stopcock lubricant as this usually contains fluorescence substances. No detergents shall be used in washing glassware.

#### D.4 Procedure

Transfer 100 g of the decarbonated sample to a separating funnel. Make the sample distinctly alkaline with ammonia solution and extract with the same 10 ml of water contained in a second separating funnel, and finally extract the wash water once with 10 ml of diethyl ether. Combine the ether extracts and remove the ether by distillation. Dry the residue in an air oven at 100°C for a few minutes. Dissolve it in 0.05 M sulphuric acid and make up to 100 ml in a volumetric flask with 0.05 M sulphuric acid. Measure the fluorescence of the solution by means of a spectrofluorometer. Prepare a series of standards containing 0.1, 2.5 and 10 micrograms of quinine sulphate per milliliter and measure the fluorescence.

#### D.5 Expression of results

Plot the fluorescence results of the series for standards to obtain a curve from which the concentration of quinine in the test solution can be read. Calculate the concentration of quinine as mg/kg of quinine sulphate in the original sample.

# AFDC 12(4501) P2 (Rev TZS 390:2004)

Gauge pressure (x 10 <sup>3</sup> ) Pa Temperature °C	0	14	28	42	56	70	84	98	112	127	141	155	169	183	197	211
0 0.6 1.1 1.8 2.2 2.8 3.3	1.71 1.68 1.64 1.61 1.57 1.54 1.51	1.9 1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7	2.2 2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.9	2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.1	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3	2.9 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.5	3.1 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9	3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.1	3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3	4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5	4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.7	4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9	4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.1	4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3	5.2 5.1 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5
3.9 4.4 5.0 6.1 6.7 7.2	1.47 1.45 1.42 1.40 1.37 1.35 1.32	1.7 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5	1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7	2.1 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9 1.8	2.3 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.0	2.5 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2	2.7 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4	2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.5	3.1 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7	3.3 3.2 3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9	3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.1	3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3	3.9 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.4	4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.6	4.3 4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8	4.5 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.0 4.0
7.8 8.3 9.4 10.0 10.6 11.1	1.29 1.26 1.24 1.21 1.19 1.17 1.15	1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3	1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.6	2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8	2.2 2.1 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.9	2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1	2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.2	2.7 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.5	3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7	3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.8	3.4 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0	3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2	3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.3	3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5
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15.6 16.1 16.7 17.2 17.8 18.3 18.9	1.00 0.98 0.97 0.95 0.93 0.92 0.90	1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.0	1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.7 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5	1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.6	1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8	2.1 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9	2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0	2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1	2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.2	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.4	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5	2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6	3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7
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23.3 23.9 24.4 25.0 25.6 26.1 26.7	0.79 0.78 0.77 0.76 0.75 0.74 0.73	0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.8 0.8	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.9	1.1 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.1	1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.4 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5	1.8 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.6 1.6	1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7	2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8	2.1 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9	2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0	2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1	2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2
27.2 27.8 28.3 28.9 28.4 30.0 30.6	0.72 0.71 0.70 0.69 0.68 0.67 0.66	0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.7	0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.8 0.8	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.9	1.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.2 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	1.3 1.3 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.4 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3	1.5 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.6 1.6 15 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4	1.7 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5	1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.6 1.6	1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7	2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8	2.1 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9	2.2 2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0 2.0
31.1 31.7 32.2 32.8 33.3 33.9 34.4	0.65 0.64 0.63 0.62 0.61 0.60 0.60	0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.8 0.8	1.0 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9	1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.2 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2	1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.3	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.6 1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5	1.7 1.7 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.6	1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7	1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8
35.0 35.6 36.1 36.7 37.2 37.8	0.59 0.58 0.57 0.57 0.56 0.56	0.7 0.7 0.6 0.6 0.6	0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7 0.7	0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8	0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9	1.0 1.0 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.9	1.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	1.3 1.3 1.3 1.2 1.2	1.4 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3	1.5 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4	1.6 1.6 1.5 1.6 1.5	1.7 1.7 1.6 1.6 1.6	1.8 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7

#### Table B.1 – Carbon dioxide chart: volume of carbon dioxide gas dissolved by one volume of water

Table B.1 (continued)

Gauge pressure (x 10 <sup>3</sup> ) Pa Temperature °C	225	239	253	267	281	295	309	323	337	352	366	380	394	
0 0.6 1.1 1.8 2.2 2.8 3.3	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8	5.6 5.5 5.4 5.2 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2	6.1 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.5 5.4	6.3 6.2 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6	6.5 6.4 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8	6.7 6.6 6.5 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0	7.0 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.4 6.3 6.2	7.2 7.1 7.0 6.8 6.6 6.5 6.4	7.4 7.3 7.2 7.0 6.9 6.7 6.6	7.7 7.5 7.4 7.2 7.1 6.9 6.8	7.9 7.8 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.1 7.0	8.2 8.0 7.8 7.6 7.5 7.4 7.2	
3.9 4.4 5.0 5.6 6.1 6.7 7.2	4.7 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.1	4.9 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3	5.1 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.5	5.3 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 4.8	5.7 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.9 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2	6.1 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4	6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6	6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.7	6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.1 6.0 5.9	6.8 6.7 6.6 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1	7.0 6.9 6.8 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.2	)
7.8 8.3 9.4 10.0 10.6 11.1	4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6	4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9	4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1	4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.2	4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.5 4.4	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5	5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 4.9	5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2	6.0 5.7 5.9 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3	6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5	
11.7 12.2 12.8 13.3 13.9 14.4 15.0	3.6 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2	3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3	3.8 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5	4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6	4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7	4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0	4.6 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2	4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3	4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.6	5.2 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.7 4.7	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8	
15.6 16.1 16.7 17.2 17.8 18.3 18.9	3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0	3.4 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1	3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2	3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3	3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5	3.9 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6	4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7	4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8	4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9	4.5 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1	4.6 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2	4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3	
19.4 20.0 20.6 21.1 21.7 22.2 22.8	2.8 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.5	2.9 2.9 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.6	3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	3.2 3.1 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0	3.4 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1	3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.2	3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.3	3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.4	3.8 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5	4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6	4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7	4.2 4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.8	
23.3 23.9 24.4 25.0 25.6 26.1 26.7	2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6	2.9 2.9 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7	3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.9	3.2 3.2 3.1 3.0 3.0 3.0	3.3 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.2	3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.3 3.3	3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4	3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5	
27.2 27.8 28.3 28.9 28.4 30.0 30.6	2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1	2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1	2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.2	2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.3	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6	2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7	3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8	3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9	3.3 3.3 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.0	3.4 3.4 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.1	
31.1 31.7 32.2 32.8 33.3 33.9 34.4	2.0 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9 1.9	2.1 2.1 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.0	2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1	2.4 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.2 2.2	2.5 2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.3	2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.3	2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4	2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.6 2.6	2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7	3.0 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	3.1 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9	
35.0 35.6 36.1 36.7 37.2 37.8	1.9 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.8 1.7	1.9 1.9 1.8 1.9 1.8 1.9	2.0 2.0 2.0 1.9 1.9	2.1 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	2.2 2.2 2.1 2.1 2.1 2.1 20	2.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.1	2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.2	2.4 2.4 2.3 2.3 2.3 2.3	2.5 2.5 2.4 2.4 2.4 2.3	2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4	2.6 2.6 2.6 2.5 2.5	2.7 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6	2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.6	

1	Table B.1 (continued)			1		1								
	Gauge pressure (x10³) Pa	408	422	436	450	464	478	492	506	520	534	548	562	
	0 0.6 1.1 1.8 2.2 2.8 3.3	8.4 8.2 8.0 7.8 7.7 7.6 7.4	8.6 8.4 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.8 7.6	8.8 8.6 8.4 8.3 8.1 8.0 7.8	9.0 8.9 8.7 8.5 8.3 8.2 8.0	9.3 9.1 8.9 8.7 8.6 8.4 8.2	9.5 9.3 9.1 8.9 8.8 8.6 8.4	9.7 9.5 9.3 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.6	10.2 9.8 9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.8	10.2 10.0 9.8 9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0	10.4 10.2 10.0 9.8 9.6 9.4 9.2	10.7 10.4 10.2 10.0 9.8 9.6 9.4	10.9 10.7 10.5 10.3 10.0 9.8 9.6	
	3.9 4.4 5.0 5.6 6.1 6.7 7.2	7.2 7.1 7.0 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.4	7.4 7.3 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.7 6.6	7.6 7.5 7.2 7.0 6.9 6.8	7.8 7.7 7.5 7.4 7.2 7.1 6.9	8.0 7.9 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.1	8.2 8.1 7.9 7.8 7.6 7.5 7.3	8.4 8.3 8.1 7.8 7.6 7.5	8.6 8.5 8.2 8.0 7.8 7.7	8.8 8.7 8.5 8.3 8.2 8.0 7.8	9.0 8.8 8.7 8.5 8.3 8.2 8.0	9.2 9.0 8.9 8.7 8.5 8.4 8.2	9.4 9.2 9.1 8.9 8.7 8.6 8.4	
	7.8 8.3 8.9 9.4 10.0 10.6 11.1	6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.7 5.6	6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8	6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 5.9	6.8 6.7 6.6 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1	7.0 6.9 6.8 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3	7.2 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.6 6.5 6.4	7.4 7.2 7.1 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6	7.5 7.4 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.8 6.7	7.7 7.6 7.4 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9	7.9 7.7 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.0	8.0 7.9 7.7 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.2	8.2 8.0 7.9 7.8 7.6 7.5 7.3	
	11.7 12.2 12.8 13.3 13.9 14.4 15.0	5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1	5.9 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.3	6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4	6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.6	6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7	6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8	6.6 6.5 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9	6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1	6.9 6.8 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2	7.0 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.4 6.3	7.2 7.1 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5	
	15.6 16.1 16.7 17.2 17.8 18.3 18.9	4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5 4.4	5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5	5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7	5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9	5.5 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.2	5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.4 5.3	6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.5 5.5 5.4	6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5	6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6	6.3 6.2 6.1 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8	
	19.4 20.0 20.6 21.1 21.7 22.2 22.8	4.3 4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0 3.9	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.0	4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.1	4.7 4.6 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.2	4.8 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.4	4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.6	5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.9 4.8 4.7	5.3 5.2 5.1 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 4.9	5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1	
	23.3 23.9 24.4 25.0 25.6 26.1 26.7	3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6	4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.6	4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7	4.2 4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8	4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0 3.9	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.0	4.5 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.1	4.6 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3 4.2	4.7 4.6 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.3	4.8 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5 4.4	4.9 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.5	5.0 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.6	
	27.2 27.8 28.3 28.9 28.4 30.0 30.6	3.5 3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2	3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.3 3.3	3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4	3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5	3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6	4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6	4.1 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.7	4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8	4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9	4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.0 4.0	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.1	4.5 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2	
	31.1 31.7 32.2 32.8 33.3 33.9 34.4	3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9	3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1	3.4 3.4 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.1	3.5 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.2	3.6 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.3	3.7 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.4	3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5	3.8 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.6	3.9 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6	4.0 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8 3.7	4.1 4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8	
	35.0 35.6 35.1 36.7 37.2 37.8	2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.7 2.7	2.9 2.9 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8	3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.9	3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0 3.0 2.9	3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.0 3.0	3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.1	3.4 3.3 3.2 3.2 3.2 3.2	3.4 3.4 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.2	3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.4 3.3	3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.4	3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.5	3.8 3.7 3.6 3.6 3.5	

Table B.1 (concluded)

Gauge pressure (x 10 <sup>3</sup> ) Pa Temperature°C	576	591	605	619	633	647	661	675	689	703	
0 0.6 1.1 1.8 2.2 2.8 3.3	11.2 11.0 10.8 10.6 10.4 10.1 9.9	11.5 11.3 11.0 10.8 10.6 10.3 10.1	11.7 11.5 11.2 11.0 10.8 10.6 10.3	12.0 11.7 11.5 11.3 11.0 10.8 10.5	12.2 11.9 11.7 11.5 11.2 11.0 10.7	12.4 12.2 11.9 11.7 11.4 11.2 10.9	12.7 12.4 12.2 11.9 11.7 11.4 11.1	12.9 12.6 12.4 12.1 11.9 11.6 11.4	13.2 12.9 12.6 12.3 12.1 11.8 11.6	13.4 13.1 12.8 12.5 12.3 12.0 11.8	
3.9 4.4 5.0 6.1 6.7 7.2	9.7 9.5 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.7	9.9 9.7 9.6 9.4 9.2 9.1 8.9	10.1 9.9 9.8 9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0	10.3 10.1 9.8 9.6 9.5 9.3	10.5 10.3 10.2 10.0 9.8 9.6 9.4	10.7 20.5 10.3 10.1 10.0 9.8 9.6	10.9 10.7 10.5 10.3 10.2 10.0 9.8	11.1 10.9 10.7 10.5 10.4 10.2 10.0	11.3 11.1 10.9 10.7 10.6 10.3 10.1	11.5 11.3 11.1 10.9 10.7 10.5 10.3	
7.8 8.3 9.4 10.0 10.6 11.1	8.4 8.3 8.1 8.0 7.9 7.7 7.6	8.6 8.5 8.3 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.8	8.8 8.7 8.5 8.3 8.2 8.0 7.9	9.0 8.9 8.7 8.5 8.4 8.2 8.1	9.2 9.0 8.8 8.7 8.5 8.4 8.2	9.4 9.2 9.0 8.9 8.7 8.5 8.4	9.6 9.4 9.2 9.0 8.9 8.7 8.5	9.7 9.5 9.3 9.2 9.0 8.8 8.7	9.9 9.7 9.5 9.3 9.2 9.0 8.9	10.1 9.9 9.7 9.5 9.3 9.2 9.0	
11.7 12.2 12.8 13.3 13.9 14.4 15.0	7.4 7.3 7.2 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.7	7.6 7.5 7.4 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.8	7.8 7.6 7.5 7.4 7.2 7.1 7.0	7.9 7.8 7.7 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.1	8.1 8.0 7.8 7.7 7.5 7.4 7.3	8.2 8.1 8.0 7.8 7.7 7.5 7.4	8.4 8.3 8.1 8.0 7.8 7.7 7.5	8.5 8.4 8.3 8.1 8.0 7.8 7.7	8.7 8.6 8.4 8.3 8.1 8.0 7.8	8.9 8.7 8.6 8.4 8.3 8.1 8.0	
15.6 16.1 16.7 17.2 17.8 18.3 18.9	6.6 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9	6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1	6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2	7.0 6.9 6.8 6.7 6.5 6.4 6.3	7.1 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.6 6.5 6.4	7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.7 6.7 6.5	7.4 7.3 7.2 7.0 6.8 6.8 6.7	7.5 7.4 7.3 7.2 6.9 6.9 6.8	7.7 7.6 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.0 6.9	7.8 7.7 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.0	
19.4 20.0 20.6 21.1 21.7 22.2 22.8	5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3	6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4	6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5	6.2 6.1 6.0 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7	6.3 6.2 6.1 6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8	6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.9	6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0	6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2 6.1	6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3 6.2	6.9 6.8 6.7 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.3	
23.3 23.9 24.4 25.0 25.6 26.1 26.7	5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 4.9 4.9 4.8	5.3 5.2 5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 4.9	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.1 5.0	5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.1	5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.3 5.3 5.2	5.7 5.6 5.5 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.3	5.8 5.7 5.6 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.4	5.9 5.8 5.7 5.6 5.6 5.5	6.0 5.9 5.8 5.7 5.7 5.6	6.1 6.0 5.9 5.8 5.8 5.8 5.7	
27.2 27.8 28.3 28.9 28.4 30.0 30.6	4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3 4.3	4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.3	4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5 4.4	5.1 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.6 4.5	5.2 5.1 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.6	5.3 5.2 5.0 4.9 4.9 4.8 4.7	5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 4.9 4.8	5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.1 5.0 4.9	5.5 5.4 5.2 5.2 5.1 5.0	5.6 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.3 5.2 5.1	
31.1 31.7 32.2 32.6 33.3 33.9 33.4	4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0 4.0 4.0 3.9	4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.0	4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.1	4.5 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.2	4.5 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.4 4.3	4.6 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.5 4.4 4.4	4.7 4.6 4.6 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.4 4.4	4.8 4.7 4.6 4.6 4.6 4.5	4.9 4.8 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.6	5.0 4.9 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.7 4.7	
35.0 35.6 36.1 36.7 37.2 37.8	3.9 3.8 3.8 3.7 3.7 3.6	4.0 3.9 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.7	4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.8 3.8	4.2 4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9 3.9	4.3 4.2 4.1 4.0 4.0 3.9	4.3 4.3 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.0	4.4 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.1	4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3 4.2 4.2	4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2	4.6 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.4 4.3	

Altitude (meters)	Pressure correction factor (kg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	
0	0.00	
250	0.030	
500	0.060	
750	0.088	
1000	0.116	
1250	0.143	
1500	0.169	O ·
1750	0.195	Co
2000	0.220	xS
2250	0.244	
2500	0.267	
2750	0.289	
3000	0.310	
3250	0.331	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i

NOTE - Target snift pressure is equal to 0.14 kg /cm<sup>2</sup> plus altitude correction factor

Altitude (feet)	Pressure correction factor (psi)				
0	0				
500	0.26				
1000	0.52				
1500	0.78				
2000	1.03				
2500	1.28				
3000	1.52				
4000	1.99				
5000	2.45				
6000	2.89				
7000	3.31				
8000	3.71				
9000	4.10				
10000	4.47				

eff. comments only