Preecast concrete waffle units
KS 2932:2020

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Precast concrete waffle units
Foreword

This Kenya Standard was developed by the Concrete Technical Committee, under the guidance of the standards Projects Committee, and it is in accordance with the procedures of the Kenya Bureau of Standards.

There is an increase of construction of floor slabs using precast waffles units in this country. Though waffle slabs are deeper than flat slabs, the reduction in concrete and steel quantities is considerable and where exposed, they are aesthetically appealing.
1. Scope

This Standard defines and specifies requirements and conformity for concrete waffle.

2. Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

- KS EAS 18-1, Cement Part 1: Composition, specifications and conformity criteria for common cements
- KS 2846, Mixing water for concrete — Specification for sampling, testing and assessing the suitability of water, including water recovered from processes in the concrete industry, as mixing water for concrete
- KS 1780-1, Building lime - Part 1: Definitions, specifications and conformity
- KS 2770-1, Admixtures for concrete, mortar and grout - Part 1: Common requirements.
- KS 2770-2, Admixtures for concrete, mortar and grout - Requirements Part 2: Concrete admixtures
- KS EAS 412-1, Steel for the reinforcement of concrete - Part 1: Plain bars
- KS EAS 412-2, Steel for the reinforcement of concrete - Part 2: Ribbed bars
- KS 22, Hot-rolled mild steel bars for reinforcement of concrete - Specification
- KS 2168, General concrete works — Code of practice

3. Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this Standard, the following terms and definitions shall apply

- **concrete waffle unit**
  precast concrete unit mainly of rectangular, square or triangular shape that is used in construction of floor slabs

4. Requirements

4.1. General requirements
Precast Concrete waffle units shall meet the performance criteria stated in this standard.

4.2. Requirement for materials

4.2.1. Cement

The cement manufacturing the precast concrete waffle units shall comply to KS EAS 18.

4.2.2. Aggregate

The aggregate shall comply to KS 95.

4.2.3. Water

The mixing water shall comply to KS 2846.

4.2.4. Admixtures

The admixture used to manufacture the precast concrete waffle units shall comply to KS 2770.

4.2.5. Reinforcement

All the reinforcement steel shall comply to KS EAS 412.

4.2.6. Requirement for production

The production of the concrete and manufacturing of the precast concrete waffle units shall be in accordance with KS 2183.

4.2.7. Design of concrete waffle unit

The design of the precast concrete waffle units shall be in accordance with KS EN 1992-1-1 and KS EN 1994-1-1.

4.3. Dimensions and tolerances

4.3.1. Dimensions

Dimensions of preferred sizes of precast concrete waffles shall conform to Table 1 below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waffle type</th>
<th>Nominal size (mm)</th>
<th>Thickness (mm)</th>
<th>Depth (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1200 x 1200</td>
<td></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>300,450,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1040 x 1040</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>175,200,250,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>900 x 900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>150,200,300,450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 x 900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100,150,200,250,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 x 600</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>100,150,200,250,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450 x 450</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>75,100,150,200,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450 x 900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>75,100,150,200,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 x 900</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>75,100,150,200,250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other types of precast waffle units having shapes and sizes other than those given in Table 1, shall be such that they conform to the requirements of this standard.
4.3.2. Tolerances

The maximum dimensional tolerances for concrete waffle unit when measured in accordance with Annex A shall be as specified in Table 2.

Table 2. Dimensional tolerances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Maximum dimensional deviation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
<td>± 2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Width</td>
<td>± 2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thickness</td>
<td>± 3 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Squareness of plan (diagonals)</td>
<td>6mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flatness, straightness</td>
<td>Measured over 550 mm to 850 mm ± 2 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowing and Twisting</td>
<td>Measured over 250 mm to 400 mm ± 1 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.4. Flexural strength

When tested as described in Annex B, the mean flexural strength at 28 days shall be not less than 6 N/mm². No individual precast concrete waffle unit shall have a flexural strength of less than 5 N/mm².

4.5. Water absorption

When tested as described in Annex C, the water absorption shall not exceed 10 per cent by mass.

4.6. Visual Inspection

All precast concrete waffle units shall be sound and free of defects that shall interfere with the proper placing of the precast concrete waffle unit or impair the strength or permanence of the construction.

5. Sampling

For the purpose of testing compliance with the requirements specified, samples for testing shall be selected at random at the site of manufacture, or from a delivered consignment.

6. Marking and labelling

The name, trade mark or other means of identification of the manufacturing plant shall be marked on the precast concrete waffle unit. Other particulars relating to products made in accordance with this standard shall be clearly stated on the delivery note, invoice, manufacturer’s or suppliers certificate, or brochure relating to a consignment of products.
Annex A
Measurement of dimensions

A1. General

Note: It is recommended that all measurements be made using a suitable steel rule conforming to BS 4372 or BS 4484 or an equivalent Kenya Standard.

A1.1 Length

Measure the length of each product to the nearest 1 mm on the face, within 25 mm of the four extreme corners of the profile. Calculate the average length to the nearest 1 mm.

A1.2 Width and height

Measure the width and height of each product to the nearest 1 mm at both ends. Measure the width at the top and bottom of parallel faces and the overall height at the face and back of the product. Calculate the average height and width to the nearest 1 mm.

Figure 1 - Waffle plan, section x-x and section y-y
A2. **Determination of squareness**

Place the stock of an engineer’s square in contact with the moulded faces of the product. Bring the blade into contact with the side of the product. Using a feeler gauge conforming to BS 957: Part 2, check that the clearance between the square and the side of the product at points not less than 30 mm from the top and the bottom does not exceed the appropriate tolerance.

**Annex B**

**Determination of flexural strength**

**B1. Test specimens**

Five precast concrete waffle units for each type and thickness shall be taken from each production batch after carrying out dimensional checks.

**B2. Testing machine**

The test shall be carried out using flexural strength testing machine of sufficient capacity capable of applying the loads continually and vertically. It shall be provided with two steel supporting rollers each 38 ± 3 mm in diameter or two steel bearers, each 6 mm minimum width on the supporting surface (see Figure 3). The spacing of the rollers or bearers shall be as given in Table 4.

Table 4. Spacing of rollers or bearers for flexural strength test

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waffle type</th>
<th>minimum spacing centre to centre of rollers or minimum clear distance between bearers in mm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1200 x 1200</td>
<td>450 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1040 x 1040</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>900 x 900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 x 900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 x 600</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450 x 900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 x 900</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>450 x 450</td>
<td>375 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In either case, one support shall be horizontal and the other so mounted to enable loads to be applied without inducing any torsional restraint in the specimen, e.g. by pivoting about an axis parallel to the length of the specimen. The upper member of the loading frame shall be provided with a spherical seating to ensure that the load is applied axially without inducing any torsion in the specimen, and a steel platen at least 50 mm wide and of length not less than the width of the widest specimen to be tested.

**B3. Procedure**

Place the specimen symmetrically on the bearers of the testing machine and with its shorter sides parallel to the supporting rollers or bearers. Position a hardwood fillet 50 mm wide on the upper surface of the specimen at the midpoint of the span extending the whole width of the specimen parallel to the supporting rollers or bearer (see Figure 3). Apply the load without shock and increase it at a rate not exceeding 1 kN/min for each 100 mm of width as tested, until the specimen fails. Record individual failing loads.

**B4. Calculation and expression of results**

The flexural strength F_{cf} (in N/mm²) is given by the equation:
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\[ F_{cl} = \frac{3pl_2}{2bd} \]

- \( p \) = the individual failing load (in N);
- \( l \) = the distance between the supporting rollers or bearers (in mm);
- \( B \) = the average width of specimen at the point of fracture (in mm);
- \( d \) = the average thickness of specimen at the point of fracture (in mm).

Express the flexural strength to the nearest 0.1 N/mm\(^2\).

**B5. Report**

The following shall be reported:

(i) The individual flexural strength of each waffle unit to the nearest 0.1 N/mm\(^2\); and
(ii) The average flexural strength of the five specimens to the nearest 0.1 N/mm\(^2\).

All Dimensions in mm

Side elevation

End elevation (BB)

End elevation (CC)
Annex  C  
**Determination of water absorption**

C1. **Test specimens**

Three precast concrete waffle units for each type and thickness shall be taken from the sample after carrying out dimensional checks.

C2. **Apparatus**

C2.1 **Balance** — The balance used shall be accurate to within 0.5 per cent of the weight of the smallest specimen tested.

C2.2 **Suitable concrete sawing machine**

C2.3 **Ventilated Oven** — The temperature of which shall be maintained at 105 ± 5 °C.

C2.4 **Tank** — Deep enough to immerse specimens, containing clean water maintained at a temperature of 20 ± 5 °C.

C2.5 **Dry airtight vessel,** e.g. desiccator of sufficient size to contain the specimen to be tested.

C3. **Preparation of specimens**

Saw two square test pieces from diagonally opposite corners of each of the three concrete waffles, approximately 100 mm x 100 mm. Saw from the full thickness of the waffle unit such that each specimen has two sawn and two moulded edges (see Figure 4).
C4. Procedure

C4.1 Place the six specimens in the ventilated drying oven so that each one is not less than 25 mm from any heating surface and from each other. Dry the six specimens in the oven for not less than 24 h and until two successive weighings at intervals of 2 h show an increment of loss not greater than 0.2 per cent of the last previously determined weight of the specimen.

C4.2 On removal from the oven, cool each specimen for 24 ± 0.5 h in the dry airtight vessel. Weigh each specimen and record the mass $M_1$. Immediately, completely immerse the specimen in water at 20 ± 5 °C with its longitudinal axis horizontal.

C4.3 Leave the specimen immersed in the water for 24 ± 0.5 h. Remove each specimen, shake it to remove the bulk of the water and dry it with a cloth as rapidly as possible until all free water is removed from the surface. Weigh each specimen and record the mass $M_2$.

C5. Calculation and expression of results

Water absorption of each specimen shall be calculated from the following expression:

$$\text{Water absorption, per cent} = \left( \frac{M_2 - M_1}{M_1} \right) \times 100$$

where,

- $M_1$ = the mass of specimen oven dry (g); and
- $M_2$ = the mass of specimen after 24 ± 0.5 h in water (g).
Express the results as the mean water absorption of the two specimens for each of the three precast concrete waffle units to the nearest 0.1 per cent.

**C6. Report**

Report the average value of the three means as the water absorption of the concrete waffles.